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What is claimed is:

- 1. A method for compensating track offset in an optical disk drive, comprising:
- providing an optical disk with wobbled grooves; 5 (a) the wobbled grooves being used for generating a wobbling signal with a wobbling period;
- a period of the beat-inducing signal having a specific relationship with the wobbling period in such a way that a beat 10

recording a beat-inducing signal on the disk;

- signal is induced by the beat-inducing signal and the wobbling signal;
- generating a tracking-error signal using a push-pull method by optically reading the wobbled grooves of the disk and the beat-inducing signal recorded on the disk; 15

the tracking-error signal containing a beat signal induced by the beat-inducing signal and the wobbling signal; and

compensating track offset based on the beat signal (d) contained in the tracking-error signal.

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The method according to claim 1, wherein the period of the beat-inducing signal is set at a value within a range from 0.85 to 1.25 times as much as the period of the wobbling signal.



3. The method according to claim 1, wherein a level of the beat signal is compared with a first reference level and a second reference level in the step (d) of compensating track offset, where the first reference level is different from the second reference level;

and wherein if the level of the beat signal has a first relationship with the first reference level and a second relationship with the second reference level, the beat signal is determined as good.

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4. The method according to claim 1, wherein a dc component of the beat signal is extracted;

and wherein the track-offset value is set in such a way that . the dc component of the beat signal is set at a specific level.

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- 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein the specific level is approximately zero.
- 6. The method according to claim 1, wherein in the step (d) of compensating track offset, whether the beat signal is good or not is judged with respect to a specific value of the track offset;

and wherein if the beat signal is judged as good, the track offset is fixed at the specific value;

and wherein if the beat signal is judged as no-good, the



specific value of the track offset is changed to a different value and then, whether the beat signal is good or not is judged again.

- 7. A method for compensating track offset in an optical disk drive,5 comprising:
 - (a) providing an optical disk with wobbled grooves and a beat-inducing signal;

the wobbled grooves being used for generating a wobbling signal with a wobbling period;

- a period of the beat-inducing signal having a specific relationship with the wobbling period in such a way that a beat signal is induced by the beat-inducing signal and the wobbling signal;
- (b) generating a tracking-error signal using a push-pull method
 15 by optically reading the wobbled grooves and the beat-inducing signal recorded of the disk;

the tracking-error signal containing a beat signal induced by the beat-inducing signal and the wobbling signal; and

- (c) compensating track offset based on the beat signal 20 contained in the tracking-error signal.
 - 8. The method according to claim 7, wherein the period of the beat-inducing signal is set at a value within a range from 0.85 to 1.25 times as much as the period of the wobbling signal.

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9. The method according to claim 7, wherein a level of the beat signal is compared with a first reference level and a second reference level in the step (c) of compensating track offset, where the first reference level is different from the second reference level;

and wherein if the level of the beat signal has a first relationship with the first reference level and a second relationship with the second reference level, the beat signal is determined as good.

- 10. The method according to claim 7, wherein a dc component of the beat signal is extracted;
- and wherein the track-offset value is set in such a way that the dc component of the beat signal is set at a specific level. 15
 - 11. The method according to claim 10, wherein the specific level is approximately zero.
- 12. The method according to claim 7, wherein in the step (c) of 20 compensating track offset, whether the beat signal is good or not is judged with respect to a specific value of the track offset;

and wherein if the beat signal is judged as good, the track offset is fixed at the specific value;



and wherein if the beat signal is judged as no-good, the specific value of the track offset is changed to a different value and then, whether the beat signal is good or not is judged again.

- 5 13. A system for compensating track offset in an optical disk drive, comprising:
 - (a) means for recording a beat-inducing signal on an optical disk with wobbled grooves;

the wobbled grooves being used for generating a wobbling signal with a wobbling period;

- a period of the beat-inducing signal having a specific relationship with the wobbling period in such a way that a beat signal is induced by the beat-inducing signal and the wobbling signal;
- 15 (b) means for generating a tracking-error signal using a push-pull method by optically reading the wobbled grooves of the disk and the beat-inducing signal recorded on the disk;

the tracking-error signal containing a beat signal induced by the beat-inducing signal and the wobbling signal; and

- 20 (c) means for compensating track offset based on the beat signal contained in the tracking-error signal.
 - 14. The system according to claim 13, wherein the period of the beat-inducing signal is set at a value within a range from 0.85

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to 1.25 times as much as the period of the wobbling signal.

15. The system according to claim 13, wherein a level of the beat signal is compared with a first reference level and a second reference level in the means for compensating track offset, where the first reference level is different from the second reference level;

and wherein if the level of the beat signal has a first relationship with the first reference level and a second relationship with the second reference level, the beat signal is determined as good.

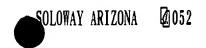
- 16. The system according to claim 13, further comprising a filter for extracting a dc component of the beat signal;
- wherein the track offset value is set in such a way that the dc component of the beat signal is set at a specific level.
 - 17. The system according to claim 16, wherein the specific level is approximately zero.

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18. The system according to claim 13, wherein in the means for compensating track offset, whether the beat signal is good or not is judged with respect to a specific value of the track offset;

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and wherein if the beat signal is judged as good, the track offset is fixed at the specific value;

and wherein if the beat signal is judged as no-good, the specific value of the track offset is changed to a different value and then, whether the beat signal is good or not is judged again.

- 19. A system for compensating track offset in an optical disk drive, comprising:
- (a) means for generating a tracking-error signal using a 10 push-pull method by optically reading wobbled grooves of an optical disk and a beat-inducing signal recorded on the disk;

the wobbled grooves being used for generating a wobbling signal with a wobbling period;

a period of the beat-inducing signal having a specific

15 relationship with the wobbling period in such a way that a beat signal is induced by the beat-inducing signal and the wobbling signal;

the tracking-error signal containing a beat signal induced by the beat-inducing signal and the wobbling signal; and

- 20 (b) means for compensating track offset based on the beat signal contained in the tracking-error signal.
 - 20. The system according to claim 19, wherein the period of the beat-inducing signal is set at a value within a range from 0.85

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to 1.25 times as much as the period of the wobbling signal.

21. The system according to claim 19, wherein a level of the beat signal is compared with a first reference level and a second reference level in the means for compensating track offset, where the first reference level is different from the second reference level;

and wherein if the level of the beat signal has a first relationship with the first reference level and a second relationship with the second reference level, the beat signal is determined as good.

- The system according to claim 19, further comprising a filter for extracting a dc component of the beat signal;
- 15 wherein the track-offset value is set in such a way that the dc component of the beat signal is set at a specific level.
 - 23. The system according to claim 22, wherein the specific level is approximately zero.

of the claims 13 to 23. 24. An optical disk drive comprising the system according to one